

REMARKS

This Preliminary Amendment cancels, without prejudice, claims 1 to 6 in the underlying PCT Application No. PCT/DE2004/001158 and adds new claims 7 to 13. The new claims, inter alia, conform the claims to United States Patent and Trademark Office rules and does not add any new matter to the application.

In accordance with 37 C.F.R. § 1.125(b), the Substitute Specification (including the Abstract) contains no new matter. The amendments reflected in the Substitute Specification (including Abstract) are to conform the Specification and Abstract to United States Patent and Trademark Office rules or to correct informalities. As required by 37 C.F.R. §§ 1.121(b)(3)(ii) and 1.125(c), a Marked-Up Version of the Substitute Specification comparing the Specification of record and the Substitute Specification also accompanies this Preliminary Amendment. Approval and entry of the Substitute Specification (including Abstract) are respectfully requested.

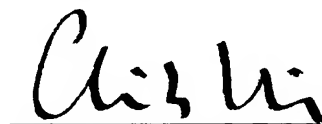
The underlying PCT Application No. PCT/DE2004/001158 includes an International Search Report, dated December 9, 2004, a copy of which is included. The Search Report includes a list of documents that were considered by the Examiner in the underlying PCT application.

It is respectfully submitted that the subject matter of the present application is new, non-obvious and useful. Prompt consideration and allowance of the application are respectfully requested.

Respectfully submitted,

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METHOD FOR CLADDING THE BLADE TIPS OF ROTOR BLADES OF A GAS
TURBINE POWER PLANT AND DEVICE FOR CARRYING OUT THE METHOD

FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The present invention relates to a method and a device for
carrying out the method for cladding the tips of rotor blades
of a gas turbine power plant, using oxidation-resistant metal
5 layers having embedded Al oxide particles, Si carbide
particles, Cr oxide particles or similar hard particles.

BACKGROUND INFORMATION

The gap present between the rotor blade tips and the
10 associated intake coating present in modern gas turbine power
plants is very tight, in order to keep the gap loss, that
influences the efficiency, low, so that, during operation, as
a result of prevalent thermal stresses and acting centrifugal
forces, a brushing contact may occur of the blade tips and the
15 intake coating. This leads to the blade tips cutting into the
intake coating, which should, to the greatest extent possible,
take place without wear and without great heating. It is
known, in this connection, that one should develop the
coatings on the stator side to be relatively soft (abradable)
20 and on the rotor side relatively hard (abrasive) as so-called
cladding.

Such cladding of the blade tips, as is commonly known, is
applied by coating using metal spraying of carbides and/or
25 oxides, by soldering on hard grains, or even by welding on
hard materials.

SUMMARY

[[The]] An example embodiment of the present invention is
30 ~~based on creating a new~~ may provide a method for cladding such
blade tips, which makes may make possible, in a simple fashion

~~simpler than up to now~~, a dimensionally correct cladding in a fail-safe manner.

According to an example embodiment of the present invention,
5 ~~the object is attained by~~ a method includes applying the metal containing the embedded hard particles as a Co layer or an Ni layer onto a solder foil which, depending on the geometry of the blade tip that is to be clad, is cut to size as a blank, and, using a moving device that generates a pressure force,
10 whose foil holder has a roughened surface, the blank, after inductive heating of the blade tip, is melted onto the latter while applying surface pressure.

However, the coating of the solder foil with a metallic layer
15 including hard particles may also be performed by galvanic nickel coating, using dispersed hard particles.

~~According to another feature of the present invention, the~~ The
generation of the abrasive surface of the cladding takes may
20 take place, ~~according to the present invention,~~ by having a ribbed or pimpled surface of the foil holder of the moving device generating the pressure force during the melting-on procedure, in which the ribbed or pimpled surface is impressed into the surface of the melted-on layer, the melting-on
25 ~~preferably, e.g.,~~ taking place under a protective gas.

After the melting-on of the cladding onto the blade tips, excess solder ~~should~~ may be mechanically removed from the clad blade tip.

30 A device for carrying out the method ~~according to the present invention includes~~ may include a foil holder having a roughened surface for accommodating a metallic blank having abrasive properties and by a rotor blade holder accommodating
35 a rotor blade as part of a rotor of a gas turbine power plant

having means a device for the inductive heating of the tip of the clamped stator blade, the device being ~~designed in~~ arranged such a way that, between the foil holder and the blade holder a predeterminable pressure force is able to be applied.

The method ~~according to the present invention~~ for cladding rotor blade tips ~~has a series~~ may have a number of advantages. Thus, for instance example, if there is appropriate dimensioning of the length of the blade in the state ready for installation, one may omit a processing of the blade tips. The connection of the blade tip and the metallic layer ~~takes~~ may take place very rapidly, and the layer used for the cladding ~~has~~ may have an optimum adherence, since a metallic connection is produced between it and the blade tip. As was mentioned before, it ~~[[is]]~~ may be possible to apply a dimensionally correct coating. As a result of the impressed grooved or pimpled surface of the metal layer, the structure of the surface ~~acts~~ may act in a cutting or piercing manner and, during application, it ~~prevents~~ may prevent a great heat input into the rotor blade.

~~The method according to~~ Example embodiments of the present invention will be are described in more detail below in the light of an exemplary embodiment of a device for carrying it out, shown more or less schematically in the drawings. ~~The~~ with reference to the appended figures ~~show~~.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Fig. 1 is a ~~representation in~~ perspective view of a rotor blade of a rotor forming a part of a gas turbine power plant~~[[,]]~~.

Fig. 2 a ~~sketch shown partially in section~~ is a partial cross-sectional view of a device for carrying out ~~[[the]]~~ a method

~~according to the present invention~~ for cladding the tips of rotor blades ~~according to~~ illustrated in Figure 1, ~~and~~.

Fig. 3 ~~one additional specific embodiment of~~ illustrates a foil holder of the device ~~according to~~ illustrated in Figure 2.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

A rotor blade 10 of a rotor ~~(not shown)~~ that is shown illustrated in Figure 1 of a gas turbine power plant ~~(also not shown)~~ includes a blade root 11 and a blade tip 12, which is provided with an abrasively acting cladding 14. This cladding is made up of a metal layer that is resistant to oxidation and has embedded in it Al oxide particles, Si carbide particles, Cr oxide particles or similar hard particles, etc.

In order to apply this cladding to blade tip 12 of the rotor blade of the rotor ~~that is not shown~~, a metal containing the embedded hard particles is applied as a Co layer or an Mn layer onto a solder foil, which is cut to size corresponding to the geometry of the blade tip that is to be clad, and is laid down as blank 16 (cf. Figure 2) onto a foil holder 17 of a device that is only partially shown illustrated. The foil holder is provided with a roughened surface, for instance example, in the form of geometrically arranged grooves 19, as illustrated in Figure 2, or of geometrically arranged pimples 21 in foil holder 20, as illustrated in Figure 3.

Each rotor blade 10 that is to be furnished with cladding 14 is individually mounted in a blade holder 18 and is guided there in a recess 23, to be movable back and forth. Via the blade holder, the rotor blade is lowered onto blank 16 that lies upon foil holder 17, and in this process it is heated using induced high frequency current. When the working temperature of the solder foil is attained, the foil holder is

pressed with pressure force against tip 12 of the rotor blade that is clamped in the rotor blade holder, so that, when the metal that includes the embedded hard particles is melted onto the blade tip, the groove pattern or the pimple pattern is
5 impressed into the latter.

The melting takes place under protective gas, and [[the]] convention equipment may be used for this is ~~also not shown,~~
~~since it is known per se.~~

10

After taking out the rotor blade, now having the clad tip, from the blade holder, excess solder and coating are mechanically removed.

15 Instead of cladding a solder foil using a Co metal layer or an Mn metal layer having embedded hard particles, the solder foil that is to be processed to form blanks 16 may also be provided by galvanic or nickel plating with the metal layer containing the embedded hard particles in dispersed form.

20

Abstract

ABSTRACT

A method is for the cladding of blade tips ~~(12)~~ of compressor blades ~~(10)~~ of a gas turbine power plant, using a blank ~~(16)~~,
5 which is made up of a solder foil provided with a metal layer having embedded hard particles and which is adapted to the geometry of the blade tip that is to be clad, which blank ~~(16)~~ is melted onto the blade tip while applying pressure, and in the process obtains, impressed into it, a ribbed or pimpled
10 structure. ~~(Fig. 2)~~